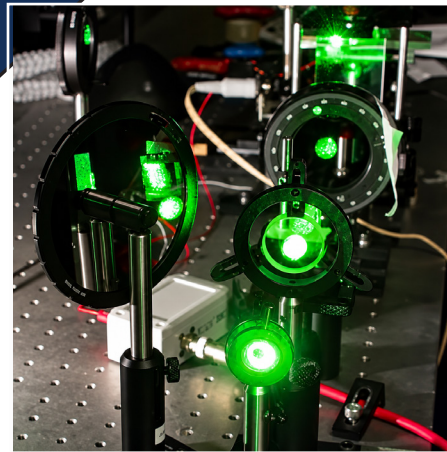


SENSOR DATA SHEET

DIT-5200

Noncontact differential impedance transducer



800-552-6267
www.kamansensors.com
measuring@kaman.com
DIT5200 Datasheet 10-8-2026

KMM
PRECISION MEASURING

Features

- True differential for common mode rejection at an economical price
- High precision eddy current balance bridge technology
- Capable of subnanometer resolution
- Thermal stability $\pm 0.03\%$ FS/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$, at null $\pm 0.005\%$ FS/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Small package size: just 7.7 cubic inches
- High sensitivity: up to 10V/mil (39mV/ μm)
- Extremely linear, to 0.1% full range
- Single and dual channel configurations

Applications

- Fast steering mirror
- Servo control position feed back
- Stage positioning
- Angular displacement indication
- X-Y orbit position feed back
- Stylus position

Differential Measurements

In an eddy current differential system, the two coils in the inductive bridge are housed in two separate sensors. Rather than one active coil and one reference coil, both sensors contain active coils as in figure 2. These two sensors are usually placed on opposite sides of a target or opposite sides of a target pivot point, as in figure 1.

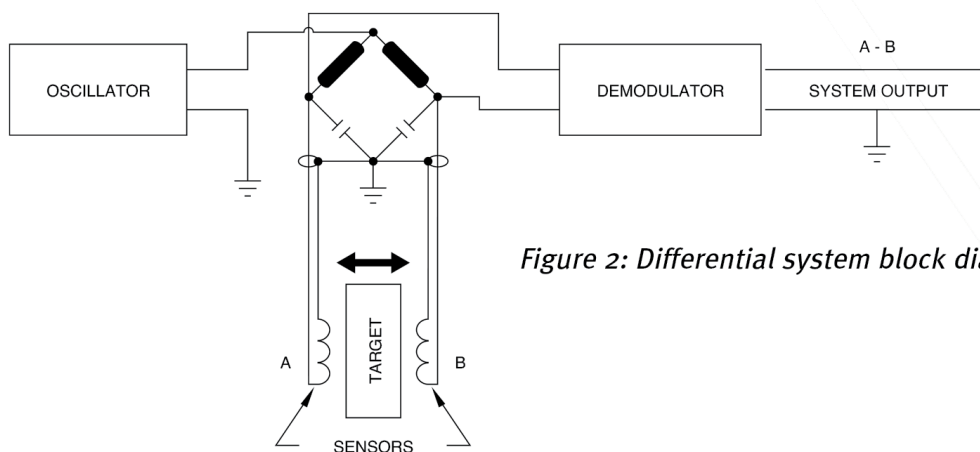


Figure 2: Differential system block diagram

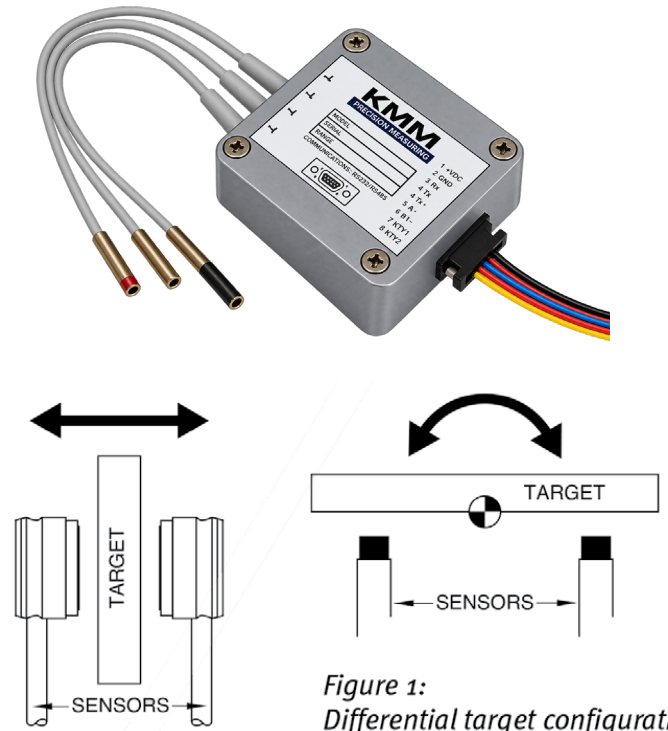


Figure 1: Differential target configurations

Theory of Operation

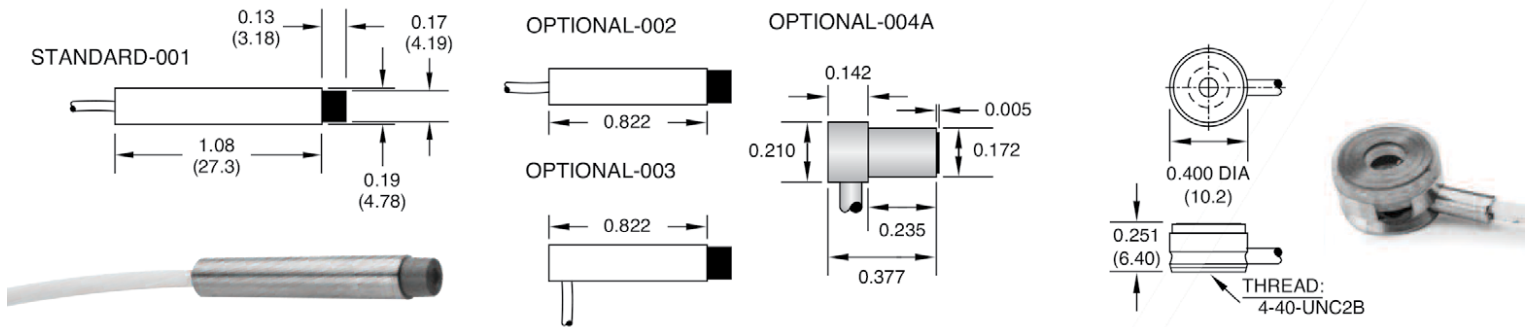
As the target moves closer to one sensor, it moves away from the other, increasing the impedance in one leg of the inductive bridge, and decreasing the other. This push-pull effect amplifies the linear output-per-displacement and eliminates the need for summation amplifiers that add noise and drift. As a result, differential systems provide greater resolution and thermal stability than single-ended systems.

DIT-5200 Differential Sensors and Electronics

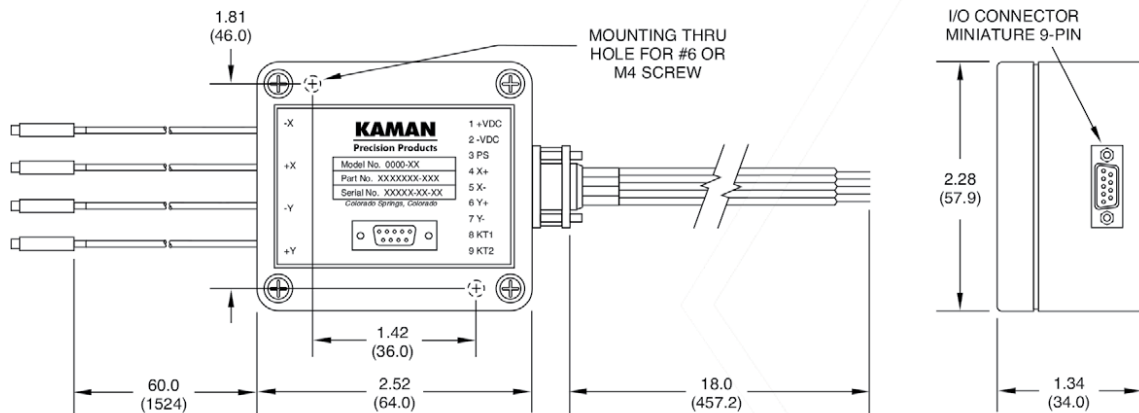
15N SENSOR

Units of measurement: inches (mm)

20N SENSOR

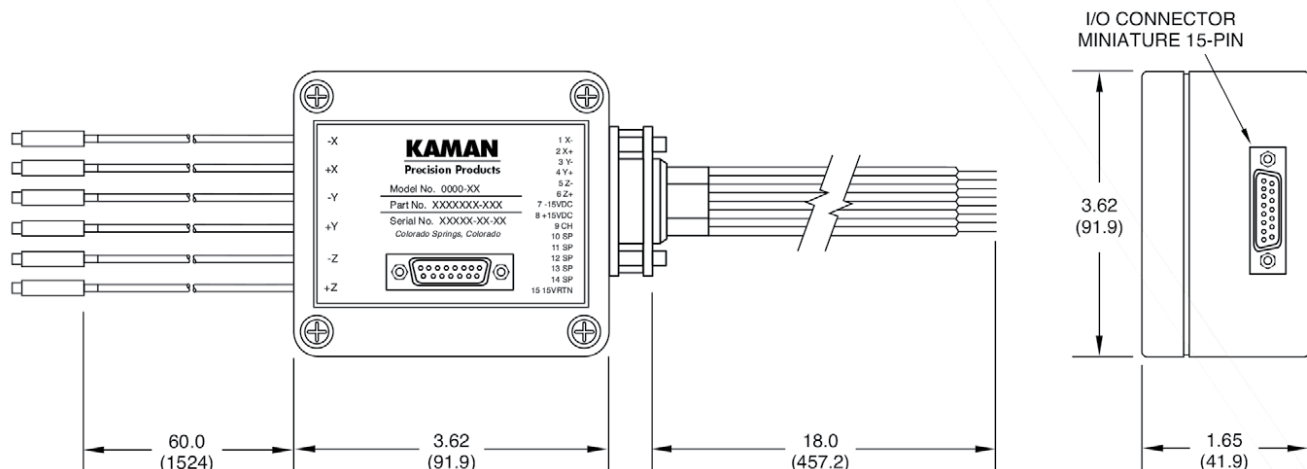


SINGLE & DUAL-CHANNEL CONFIGURATION



Standard enclosure. Note: Single channel systems use the x axis sensor connectors.

3-CHANNEL CONFIGURATION



Differential Impedance Transducers (DIT)

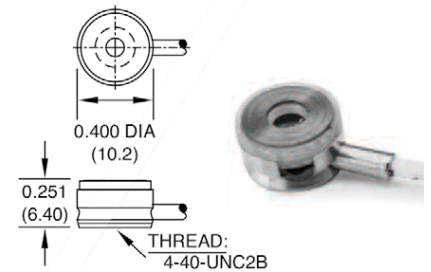
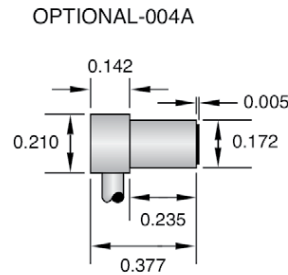
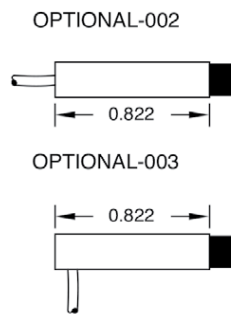
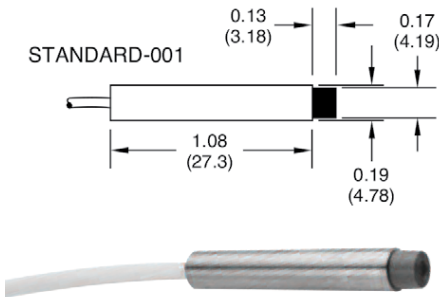


DIT-5200 Differential Sensors and Electronics

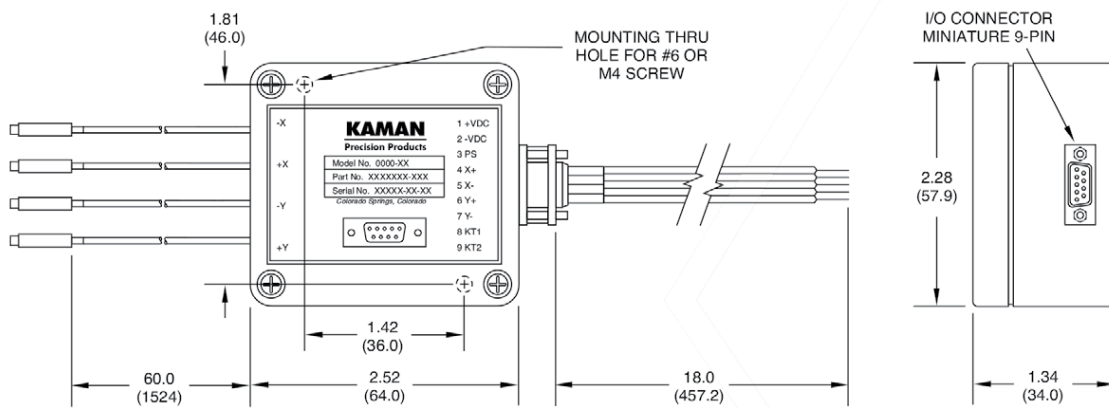
15N SENSOR

Units of measurement: inches (mm)

20N SENSOR

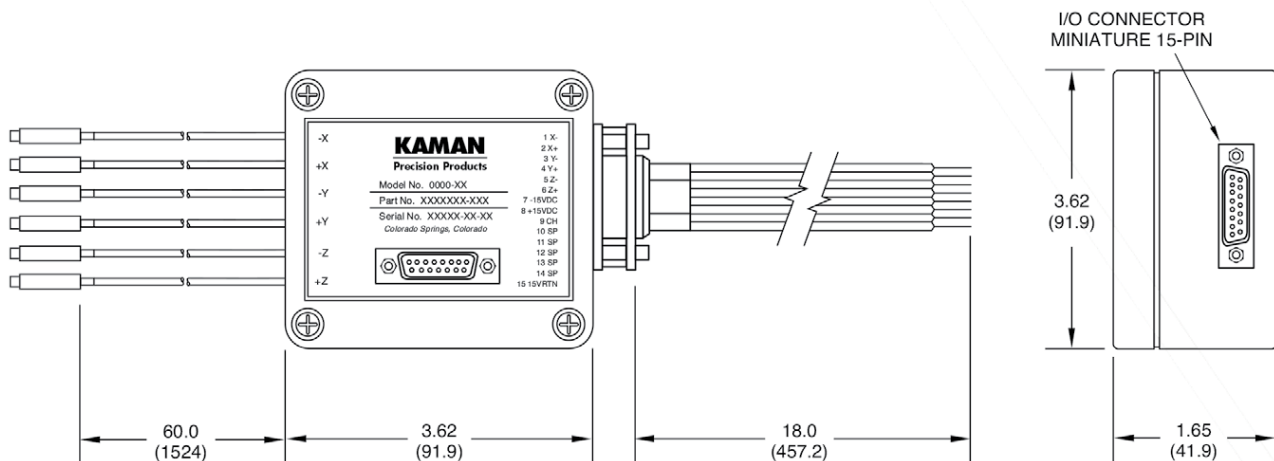


SINGLE & DUAL-CHANNEL CONFIGURATION



Standard enclosure. Note: Single channel systems use the x axis sensor connectors.

3-CHANNEL CONFIGURATION



Calculating Resolution

Equivalent RMS input noise: A figure of merit used to quantify the noise contributed by a system component. It incorporates into a single value several factors that influence a noise specification such as signal-to-noise ratio, noise floor, and system bandwidth. Given a measuring system's sensitivity/scale factor and the level of "white" noise in the system, equivalent RMS input noise can be expressed using actual measurement units.

Effective resolution: An application-dependent value determined by multiplying the equivalent RMS input noise specification by the square root of the measurement bandwidth.

Example: A 15N sensor monitoring a reciprocating target moving ± 10 mils (FR) filtered externally to 15KHz bandwidth.

1. Calculate a value for equivalent RMS input noise. From the equivalent RMS input noise table, use the value of equivalent RMS input noise for a 15N sensor calibrated over a ± 10 mil range. Multiply this by the full range of the calibration. Divide by 100. Noise value is a percent of full range.
 $(0.00007\% \times 0.020 \text{ inches}) / 100 = 1.4 \times 10^{-8} \text{ inches or } 0.014 \text{ pinches.}$
2. Calculate effective resolution. From step 1, take the equivalent RMS input noise and multiply by the square root of the measurement bandwidth in Hz.
 $0.014 \text{ pinches} \times \sqrt{15000} = 1.714 \text{ pinches}$
3. Approximate peak-to-peak resolution. From step 2, take the effective resolution and multiply by 6.6.
 $1.714 \text{ pinches} \times 6.6 = 11.312 \text{ pinches}$

EQUIVALENT RMS INPUT NOISE

Range $\pm$ mils	Range $\pm$ mm	Sensor	% Full Range at Full Range	% Full Range at Null
10	0.25	15N	0.00007%	0.00002%
20	0.51	15N	0.00004%	0.00002%
35	0.89	15N	0.00004%	0.00002%
10	0.25	20N	0.00012%	0.00004%
20	0.51	20N	0.00007%	0.00002%
50	1.27	20N	0.00004%	0.00002%
75	1.91	20N	0.00002%	0.00002%

System Specification (Common to all)

Target material: Aluminum

Output voltage: ± 10 volts typical

Power dissipation:

At 15N sensor head: < 0.5 mW/sensor typical.

At 20N sensor head: < 2 mW/sensor typical.

Electronics: < 1.35 Watts.

Frequency response: 0-20 kHz.

Input voltage: ± 15 volts.

Output impedance: < 1 Ohm.

Weight:

Electronics: 6 oz.

W/4 15N sensors: 8 oz.

Operating temperature range:

Electronics: $+32^{\circ}\text{F}$ to $+140^{\circ}\text{F}$ (0°C to $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$).

Sensors: -62°F to $+220^{\circ}\text{F}$ (-52°C to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$).

Storage temperature range:

Electronics: -26°F to $+180^{\circ}\text{F}$ (-32°C to $+82^{\circ}\text{C}$).

Sensors: -62°F to $+220^{\circ}\text{F}$ (-52°C to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$).

Range		Null		Sensor	Typical Non-Linearity $\pm$ %FR	Maximum Non-Linearity $\pm$ %FR	Sensor TempCo $\pm$ %FR/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$	p-p%FR at 1 kHz BW at FR	p-p%FR at 1 kHz BW at Null	Channel Part Number
$\pm$ mil	$\pm$ mm	mil	mm							
10	0.25	15	0.38	15N	0.15%	0.30%	0.02%	0.015%	0.004%	854924-003
20	0.51	25	0.64	15N	0.25%	0.50%	0.03%	0.008%	0.002%	854924-004
35	0.89	40	1.02	15N	0.50%	1.00%	0.03%	0.005%	0.003%	854924-005
10	0.25	20	0.51	20N	0.10%	0.20%	0.02%	0.025%	0.005%	854925-002
20	0.51	40	1.02	20N	0.15%	0.30%	0.02%	0.015%	0.005%	854925-003
50	1.27	60	1.52	20N	0.25%	0.50%	0.03%	0.008%	0.003%	854925-004
75	1.91	85	2.16	20N	0.50%	1.00%	0.03%	0.005%	0.002%	854925-005

Note: Full range (FR) is considered as twice the $\pm$ range value. Temperature coefficient at null $< 0.005\%$ FR/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ typical.
 Performance specifications are based on aluminum target.
 For single channel system, add an S to the end of the dual channel part number. Ex: 854924-003S.
 For three channel system, add a T to the end of the dual channel part number. Ex: 854924-003T.